

USPT

US-PAT-NO: 5270030

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5270030 A

TITLE: Fibrin binding domain polypeptide and method of producing

DATE-ISSUED: December 14, 1993

## INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
COUNTRY			
Vogel; Tikva	Rehovot	N/A	N/A
ILX			
Levanon; Avigdor	Rehovot	N/A	N/A
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Werber; Moshe M.	Tel Aviv	N/A	N/A
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Guy; Rachel	Rehovot	N/A	N/A
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## ASSIGNEE INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
COUNTRY			
Bio-Technology General	New York	NY	N/A
N/A	02		
Corp.			

APPL-NO: 7/ 526397

DATE FILED: May 21, 1990

## PARENT-CASE:

This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 345,952, filed

Apr. 28, 1989, now abandoned, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser.

No. 291,951, filed Dec. 29, 1988, now abandoned, the contents of both of which

are hereby incorporated by reference into this application.

## FOREIGN-APPL-PRIORITY-DATA:

## FOREIGN-PRIORITY:

FOREIGN-PRIORITY-APPL-NO: CA 2006929

FOREIGN-PRIORITY-APPL-DATE: December 29, 1989

INT-CL: [5] A61K099/00, C07K013/00, C12N015/74, C12P021/02

US-CL-ISSUED: 424/9, 530/350, 530/395, 435/320.1, 435/69.1, 435/252.3

, 435/252.33, 435/240.1, 424/1.1

US-CL-CURRENT: 424/1.69, 424/9.341, 424/9.4, 435/252.3, 435/252.33, 435/320.1

, 435/69.1, 530/350, 530/395

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 530/350; 530/395; 435/320.1; 435/69.1; 435/252.3; 435/252.33

; 435/240.1; 424/9; 424/1.1; 534/10; 436/173; 128/653.4

## REF-CITED:

		U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS		
PAT-NO	ISSUE-DATE	PATENTEE-NAME		US-CL
4315906	February 1982	Gelder	424/1	
4455290	June 1984	Olexa et al.	424/1.1	
4587122	May 1986	Kagitani et al.	424/101	
4663146	May 1987	Morser et al.	424/1.1	
4839464	June 1989	McCarthy et al.	530/326	

		FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS	
COUNTRY		FOREIGN-PAT-NO	PUBN-DATE
US-CL			
EP		0207751	January 1987
530/350			
JP		1261398	October 1989
WO		WO89/00051	January 1989

ART-UNIT: 182

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Ossanna; Nina

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: White; John P.

## ABSTRACT:

This invention provides an imaging agent which comprises a polypeptide labeled with an imageable marker, such polypeptide having an amino acid sequence substantially present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and being capable of binding to fibrin.

The invention further provides a method wherein the imaging agent is used for imaging a fibrin-containing substance, i.e., a thrombus or atherosclerotic plaque. Further provided are plasmids for expression of polypeptides having an amino acid sequence substantially present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and being capable of binding to fibrin, hosts containing these plasmids, methods of producing the polypeptides, methods of treatment using the polypeptides, and methods of recovering, refolding and reoxidizing the polypeptides. The invention also provides for purified polypeptides substantially free of other substances of human origin which have an amino acid sequence substantially present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and which are capable of binding to fibrin.

15 Claims, 62 Drawing figures

CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

1. An imaging agent which comprises a polypeptide labeled with an imageable marker, wherein the polypeptide is a 12 kD polypeptide corresponding to an amino acid sequence present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and having the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-109 as shown in FIG. 1 and being capable of binding to fibrin.
2. A composition comprising an effective imaging amount of the imaging agent of claim 1 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
3. An agent of claim 1, wherein the marker is a radioactive isotope, an element which is opaque to X-rays, or a paramagnetic ion.
4. An agent of claim 3, wherein the marker is a radioactive isotope.
5. An agent of claim 4, wherein the radioactive isotope is indium-111.
6. An agent of claim 4, wherein the radioactive isotope is technetium-99m.
7. An agent of claim 4, wherein the radioactive isotope is iodine-123, iodine-125, iodine-131, krypton-81m, xenon-133, or gallium-67.
8. A purified polypeptide substantially free of other substances of human origin wherein the polypeptide is a 12 kD polypeptide of amino acids 1-109 as

shown in FIG. 1 corresponding to an amino acid sequence present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and being capable of binding to fibrin.

9. A plasmid for expression of the polypeptide of claim 8 comprising DNA encoding the polypeptide and DNA encoding suitable regulatory elements positioned relative to the DNA encoding the polypeptide so as to effect expression of the polypeptide in a suitable host cell.

10. A plasmid according to claim 9 designated pFN 196-2 and deposited in escherichia coli strain A4255 under ATCC Accession No. 63328.

11. A cell which comprises the plasmid of claim 9.

12. A bacterial cell according to claim 11.

13. An Escherichia coli cell according to claim 12.

14. An Escherichia coli cell according to claim 13, wherein the plasmid is designated pFN 196-2 and wherein the cell is deposited under ATCC Accession No. 68328.

15. A method of producing a 12 kD polypeptide fragment corresponding to an amino acid sequence present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin which comprises culturing a cell according to claim 11 so that the DNA directs expression of the polypeptide and the cell expressed the polypeptide and recovering from the cell the polypeptide so expressed.

USPT

US-PAT-NO: 5455158

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5455158 A

TITLE: Fibrin binding domain polypeptides and uses and methods  
of producing  
same

DATE-ISSUED: October 3, 1995

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
COUNTRY			
Vogel; Tikva	Rehovot	N/A	N/A
ILX			
Levanon; Avigdor	Rehovot	N/A	N/A
ILX			
Werber; Moshe M.	Tel Aviv	N/A	N/A
ILX			
Guy; Rachel	Rehovot	N/A	N/A
ILX			
Panet; Amos	Jerusalem	N/A	N/A
ILX			

ASSIGNEE INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE
COUNTRY TYPE CODE			
Bio-Technology General	Iselin	NJ	N/A
N/A 02			
Corp.			

APPL-NO: 8/ 058241

DATE FILED: May 4, 1993

PARENT-CASE:

This application is a divisional of U.S. Ser. No. 07/526,397,  
filed May 21,  
1990, now U.S. Pat. No. 5,270,030; which is a  
continuation-in-part of U.S.  
Ser. No. 07/345,952, filed Apr. 28, 1989, now abandoned; which  
was a  
continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 07/291,951, filed Dec.  
29, 1988, now  
abandoned.

FOREIGN-APPL-PRIORITY-DATA:

FOREIGN-PRIORITY:

FOREIGN-PRIORITY-APPL-NO: CA 2006929

FOREIGN-PRIORITY-APPL-DATE: December 29, 1989

INT-CL: [6] G01N033/53,A61K051/08 ,C12Q001/56

US-CL-ISSUED: 435/7.21,424/1.69 ,424/9.341 ,424/9.4 ,435/7.8  
,435/13 ,436/503  
,436/504 ,436/69

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/7.21,424/1.69 ,424/9.341 ,424/9.4 ,435/13  
,435/7.8 ,436/503

,436/504 ,436/69

FIELD-OF-SEARCH: 435/7.21;435/13 ;435/7.8 ;436/503 ;436/504  
;436/69 ;424/9  
;424/1.1 ;424/1.69 ;530/380 ;530/381 ;530/350 ;514/2

REF-CITED:

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS			
PAT-NO	ISSUE-DATE	PATENTEE-NAME	US-CL
4315906	February 1982	Gelder	424/9
5026537	June 1991	Daddiba et al.	424/1.1

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS		
COUNTRY	FOREIGN-PAT-NO	PUBN-DATE
US-CL		
EP	0207751	January 1987

ART-UNIT: 182

PRIMARY-EXAMINER: Saunders; David

ASSISTANT-EXAMINER: Grun; James L.

ATTY-AGENT-FIRM: White; John P.

ABSTRACT:

This invention provides an imaging agent which comprises a polypeptide labeled with an imageable marker, such polypeptide having an amino acid sequence substantially present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and being capable of binding to fibrin. The invention further provides a method wherein the imaging agent is used for imaging a fibrin-containing substance, i.e., a thrombus or atherosclerotic plaque. Further provided are plasmids for expression of polypeptides having an amino acid sequence substantially present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and being capable of binding to fibrin, hosts containing these plasmids, methods of producing the polypeptides, methods of treatment using the polypeptides, and methods of recovering, refolding and reoxidizing the polypeptides. The invention also provides for purified polypeptides substantially free of other substances of human origin which have an amino acid sequence substantially present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and which are capable of binding to fibrin.

8 Claims, 98 Drawing figures

CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

1. A method for imaging a fibrin-containing substance which comprises

contacting the fibrin-containing substance to be imaged with an imaging agent  
under conditions such that the imaging agent binds to fibrin in the  
fibrin-containing substance,

imaging bound imaging agent, and

thereby imaging the fibrin-containing substance,

wherein the imaging agent comprises a polypeptide labeled with an imageable  
marker,

wherein the polypeptide is a 12 kD polypeptide corresponding to an amino acid  
sequence present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human  
fibronectin and comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-109 as  
shown in FIG. 1.

2. A method of claim 1, wherein the fibrin-containing substance is a thrombus.

3. A method of claim 1, wherein the fibrin-containing substance is  
atherosclerotic plaque.

4. The method according to claim 1 wherein the fibrin-containing substance is  
within blood vessels of a subject and wherein contacting is

performed by  
administering the imaging agent contained in a suitable carrier  
to the subject  
under conditions permitting the imaging agent to enter the blood  
vessels of the  
subject.

5. A method of claim 4, wherein the fibrin-containing substance  
is a thrombus.

6. A method of claim 4, wherein the fibrin-containing substance  
is  
atherosclerotic plaque.

7. A method of claim 1, wherein the marker is a radioactive  
isotope, an  
element which is opaque to X-rays, or a paramagnetic ion.

8. A method of claim 1, wherein the imaging is carried out using  
a gamma  
camera.



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L2: Entry 5 of 5

File: USPT

Oct 3, 1995

US-PAT-NO: 5455158DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5455158 A

TITLE: Fibrin binding domain polypeptides and uses and methods of producing same

DATE-ISSUED: October 3, 1995

## INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY
Vogel; Tikva	Rehovot	N/A	N/A	ILX
Levanon; Avigdor	Rehovot	N/A	N/A	ILX
Werber; Moshe M.	Tel Aviv	N/A	N/A	ILX
Guy; Rachel	Rehovot	N/A	N/A	ILX
Panet; Amos	Jerusalem	N/A	N/A	ILX

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/7.21, 424/1.69, 424/9.341, 424/9.4, 435/13, 435/7.8, 436/503, 436/504, 436/69

## CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

1. A method for imaging a fibrin-containing substance which comprises contacting the fibrin-containing substance to be imaged with an imaging agent under conditions such that the imaging agent binds to fibrin in the fibrin-containing substance, imaging bound imaging agent, and thereby imaging the fibrin-containing substance, wherein the imaging agent comprises a polypeptide labeled with an imageable marker, wherein the polypeptide is a 12 kD polypeptide corresponding to an amino acid sequence present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and comprising the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-109 as shown in FIG. 1.
2. A method of claim 1, wherein the fibrin-containing substance is a thrombus.
3. A method of claim 1, wherein the fibrin-containing substance is atherosclerotic plaque.
4. The method according to claim 1 wherein the fibrin-containing substance is within blood vessels of a subject and wherein contacting is performed by administering the imaging agent contained in a suitable carrier to the subject under conditions permitting the imaging agent to enter the blood vessels of the subject.
5. A method of claim 4, wherein the fibrin-containing substance is a thrombus.
6. A method of claim 4, wherein the fibrin-containing substance is atherosclerotic plaque.
7. A method of claim 1, wherein the marker is a radioactive isotope, an element which is opaque to X-rays, or a paramagnetic ion.
8. A method of claim 1, wherein the imaging is carried out using a gamma camera.

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L3: Entry 12 of 12

File: USPT

Dec 14, 1993

US-PAT-NO: 5270030

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5270030 A

TITLE: Fibrin binding domain polypeptide and method of producing

DATE-ISSUED: December 14, 1993

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY
Vogel; Tikva	Rehovot	N/A	N/A	ILX
Levanon; Avigdor	Rehovot	N/A	N/A	ILX
Werber; Moshe M.	Tel Aviv	N/A	N/A	ILX
Guy; Rachel	Rehovot	N/A	N/A	ILX
Panet; Amos	Jerusalem	N/A	N/A	ILX

US-CL-CURRENT: 424/1.69; 424/9.341, 424/9.4, 435/252.3, 435/252.33, 435/320.1, 435/69.1, 530/350, 530/395

CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

1. An imaging agent which comprises a polypeptide labeled with an imageable marker, wherein the polypeptide is a 12 kD polypeptide corresponding to an amino acid sequence present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and having the amino acid sequence of amino acids 1-109 as shown in FIG. 1 and being capable of binding to fibrin.
2. A composition comprising an effective imaging amount of the imaging agent of claim 1 and a physiologically acceptable carrier.
3. An agent of claim 1, wherein the marker is a radioactive isotope, an element which is opaque to X-rays, or a paramagnetic ion.
4. An agent of claim 3, wherein the marker is a radioactive isotope.
5. An agent of claim 4, wherein the radioactive isotope is indium-111.
6. An agent of claim 4, wherein the radioactive isotope is technetium-99m.
7. An agent of claim 4, wherein the radioactive isotope is iodine-123, iodine-125, iodine-131, krypton-81m, xenon-133, or gallium-67.
8. A purified polypeptide substantially free of other substances of human origin wherein the polypeptide is a 12 kD polypeptide of amino acids 1-109 as shown in FIG. 1 corresponding to an amino acid sequence present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin and being capable of binding to fibrin.
9. A plasmid for expression of the polypeptide of claim 8 comprising DNA encoding the polypeptide and DNA encoding suitable regulatory elements positioned relative to the DNA encoding the polypeptide so as to effect expression of the polypeptide in a suitable host cell.
10. A plasmid according to claim 9 designated pFN 196-2 and deposited in escherichia coli strain A4255 under ATCC Accession No. 63328.
11. A cell which comprises the plasmid of claim 9.
12. A bacterial cell according to claim 11.
13. An Escherichia coli cell according to claim 12.
14. An Escherichia coli cell according to claim 13, wherein the plasmid is designated pFN 196-2 and wherein the cell is deposited under ATCC Accession No. 68328.
15. A method of producing a 12 kD polypeptide fragment corresponding to an amino acid sequence present in the fibrin binding domain of naturally-occurring human fibronectin which comprises culturing a cell according to claim 11 so that the DNA directs expression of the polypeptide and the cell expressed the polypeptide and recovering from the cell the polypeptide so expressed.